

$$2x + 18 = 5x - 3$$

$$-6a + 10 = 6(3a - 9) + 16$$

$$-(3h - 1) - 2h + \frac{1}{2}(6 - 4h)$$

$$(-x^2 + 2x + 7) - (3x^2 - x + 9)$$

$$(5m - 1)(m + 2)$$

$$\frac{ab^5}{a^4b^2}$$

$$(4xy^2)^3(-3x^5y^{-4})^2$$

$$\frac{5n - 1}{5n^2 + 9n - 2}$$

$$\frac{5}{m + 1} + \frac{m - 6}{m^2 - 3m - 4}$$

$$\frac{5}{x + 1} - 2 = x + 3$$

$$d^2 + 2d - 35 = 0$$

$$5x^2 - 29x = 6$$

$$5x^3 = 80x$$

$$\frac{x}{x-4} + \frac{3}{x+6} = \frac{5x+20}{x^2+2x-24}$$

$$\frac{3}{a+2} = \frac{5}{a}$$

$$\left(\frac{-24x^5y^3}{6x^2y} \right)^2$$

$$5x^2 = 80$$

$$5x - 29 = 6$$

$$x + 2y = 14$$

$$2x - y = 3$$

$$y = -2x + 7$$

$$y = -x + 2$$